

**Sale by Auction.**

**On SATURDAY.**

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store, the corner of King and Union Streets.

Rum in hhds. and barrels,  
Whisky in barrels,  
Apple Brandy in barrels,  
Gin in casks,  
Wine in pipes and quarter casks,  
Molasses in hhds.  
Sugar in hhds. and barrels,  
White and brown Soap in boxes,  
Coffee in casks and bags,  
Raisins in kegs and boxes,  
Queens' Ware, and

ALSO  
A variety of DRY GOODS.

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Kerseys, Coatings, Halfstiches, Fearnought, Blankets, Planes, Negro Cottons, Worsted and other Stockings, THOS. PATTEN, Auctioneer.	Irish Linens, Calicoes, Threads, Chintzes, Bedticks, Oznaburgs, Sewing Silks, Mullin and Mullin Handkerchiefs, India Cottons, &c. November 19.
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**Public Sale.**

**On TUESDAY,**

At ten o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,

Rum in hogheads and barrels.

Whiskey in barrels,  
Gin in casks and barrels,  
Port wine in casks,  
Molasses in hhds.  
Sugar in hhds and bls.  
White and brown soap in boxes,  
Chocolate in boxes,  
Coffee in tierces and bags,  
Raisins in kegs and boxes.  
Queens Ware in crates, handsomely assorted,

ALSO,

A variety of DRY GOODS,

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

Superfine cloth and Kerseimere,  
Narrow Cloth, and Flannels,  
Irish Linens, and Oznaburgs,  
Sail duck of different qualities,  
Chintzes and Calicoes,  
Cambric and Cotton shawls,  
India Mullin and Table Cloths,  
Coloured threads and fowing silks,  
Ribbons, Hats, and  
A number of other articles.

P. G. MARSTELLER,

November 19. Vendue-Master.

Now landing from the brig George, from

Lisbon and for Sale by

R. T. HOOE, & Co.

3000 bushels of SALT,  
Calcavello and dry Lisbon Wines, in  
quarter casks,

Lemons and Oranges, in boxes,  
Onions, in boxes,  
Almonds, in bales, and  
a quantity of elegant

CARPETING & FOOT MATS.

Nov. 23. dif

Just Received,

And for Sale at THOMAS PATTEN'S  
Vendue Store, at the corner of King &  
Union Streets, a handsome assortment of

MAHOGANY FURNITURE,

CONSISTING OF

3 large handsome Sideboards,  
1 small do. do.  
1 Scrutoire and Book Case,  
1 large sett Dining Tables,  
2 pair Card Tables,  
2 ladies' Scrutoires,  
2 Stand Tables,  
1 Breakfast do.  
8 Quarter do.  
2 Wash Stands.  
Nov. 18. d

**NOTICE.**

THE co-partnership of James Patton & James Dykes having expired—those indebted to said concern are requested to make payment and those having claims are desired to bring them forward for settlement.

JAMES PATTON,  
JAMES DYKES.

FOR SALE by the Subscriber at the Warehouse which the above concern occupied,

10 Hhds of ALLUM,  
of the first quality from 5 to 7 cwt. each.

Wanted to purchase for cash, a few thousand bushels of WHEAT, and ninety shares of Columbia bank stock.

JAMES PATTON.

Nov. 22.

**ADVERTISEMENT.**

THE Subscribers having commenced business in the house lately occupied by Mr. George N. Lyles, on Fairfax Street, in the town of Alexandria, beg leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have for sale, DRY GOODS, JAPANESE WARE and GROCERIES, and daily expect a complete assortment of CASTINGS, which they will dispose of at the most reduced prices for Cash, Flour or Tobacco.

THOMAS L. WASHINGTON & Co.

N. B. They will also transact business on commission, and take the liberty of acquainting those who may favour them with their confidence, that they will endeavour to merit the trust reposed in them, by a faithful attention to their interest.

Nov. 23. d

**SAMUEL BISHOP**

Has received a large supply of  
Hot Pressed

AND OTHER

PLAYING CARDS,

of various qualities: which he offers by the quantity or retail, at very moderate prices.

October 11. en

**Public Sale.**

In Pursuance of a Deed of Trust from Jesse Taylor, deceased, to the subscriber, made to secure a debt due to the Bank of Alexandria, will be exposed to sale, upon the Premises, on Saturday the 4th day of December next,

THE FOLLOWING

Valuable Property.

A LOT of Ground situated at the South West corner of King and Pitt-Streets, extending on Pitt-Street seventy feet, and thirty-three feet eight inches and an half on King Street; forty three feet of this lot on Pitt-Street has a depth of sixty feet eight and one half inches, and the remainder at the corner of King and Pitt-Streets has a depth of thirty three feet, eight inches and an half, including the House now occupied by Mr. Edmund Denny.

Terms of sale, one third of the purchase money in six months, one third in twelve months, and the residue in eighteen months.

LUDWELL LEE, Trustee.

Nov. 5. dds

**THOMAS SIMMS,**

Has received by the brigs Neptune and Adve,

Fresh Oranges, by the box,  
Do. Lemons, do.  
Soft shelled Almonds, by the frail,  
Filberts by the frail,  
Sweet Oil by the bottle.

He has also for Sale,

Best Derry Mustard, by the bottle,  
Loaf and brown Sugar,  
Olives, Anchovies and Capers, by the bottle,  
English Walnuts,  
Best Spanish Segars,  
Raisins by the jar,  
Coffee, by the bag,

Like-wise, a quantity of best

NEW-ENGLAND CHEESE, a general Assortment of GROCERIES, and a few hundred bushels of excellent POTATOES.

Nov. 1. d

**JAMES WILSON,**

Has received, by the Industry, from London, an extensive Assortment of  
FALL GOODS,

Which will be offered for Sale immediately, by the piece or package.

Also, by the above Vessel,

Seven pipes and 18 hhds. genuine old Port Wine, two years in bottles.

Nov. 1. d

For Freight or Charter,

The BRIGANTINE

EAGLE,

Burthen 176 tons, 10 months old, an excellent staunch vessel, completely equipped and sails fast.

For Sale on board said Brig,

2500 bushels Liverpool SALT,

and a few chaldrons British Coals.

Apply to J. G. LADD, or to Captain

Teny on board, at Prince Street wharf. Oct. 29. d

FOR CHARLESTON,

(To sail in a few days.)

The remarkably strong

built SCHOONER

SPARROW,

G. COLEMAN, master.

For Passage, apply to

the Master on board, or MARSTELLER & YOUNG.

Nov. 22. d

**JANNEY & PATON,**

Have just received by the sch'r Harmony, capt. Crabtree, from Porto Rico,

20 hhds. & 250 barrels first

quality Muscovado Sugars,

Also, on Hand,

Molasses, in hhds.

Grenada and Jamaica Rum, in hhds.

and barrels,

Catalonia Wine,

N. England Rum, in hhds. & barrels

Souchong Tea, of a superior quality,

Brown and Castile Soap,

Mould and dipt Candles,

Cogniac Brandy,

Fine and coarse Salt,

Men and women's Shoes,

Queens Ware in crates, assorted,

With a complete assortment of N. England and Russia CORDAGE; East-India and Russia Goods.

A L S O,

20 Hhds. Barbice Coffee,

40 do. 2d quality Sugar.

Oct. 30. d

**Ricketts, Newton & Co.**

Have received and for Sale,

220 pieces Bandanna Hand-

kerchiefs.

50 do. Russia Sheetting,

20 bales Cotton,

40 barrels and 10 hhds. Muscovado Sugar,

50 boxes brown Soap,

50 do. Castile do.

50 do. Candles,

50 do. Chocolate,

2 hhds. Loaf Sugars,

7 hhds. Antigua Rum,

1 hhd. clean Flax,

1 ton Rhode-Island Cheese,

7 boxes Wool and Cotton Cards,

A few pipes and half pipes of Vidona Wines,

of superior quality,

Hylon, Young Hylon, Imperial and Hylon

skin Teas,

100 reams Wrapping Paper,

200 do. Writing Paper,

A handsome assortment of Prints and Irish

Linens—a large quantity of Bed-Cords and

Plough Lines.

They have to RENT,

The WARE HOUSE lately occupied by Mr. John Janney, adjoining their Brick Store, and a comfortable Dwelling House on Prince Street, lately occupied by Mr. Thomas Mathew. For particulars enquire as above.

October 15.

**COTTON & STEWART**

Have for Sale, a few copies of Judge Wallington's Reports of Causes argued and determined in the COURT OF APPEALS OF VIRGINIA.

Also, Pothier on Obligations; Taylor's Reports; Haywood's Reports; Burn's Law of Insurance; Park on Insurance and Bacon's Abridgment.

Nov. 18. d

**JOSEPH RIDDLE, & Co.**

HAVE received a considerable addition to their assortment per the Industry, Capt. M'Kenzie, from London.

Nov. 2. d

**JOHN GARDNER LADD,**

Has for Sale,

Loaf and brown Sugars,  
Rum, Molasses, Coffee,  
Brandy and Caneva,

Sherry,

Lisbon,

Mosaga and

Madira,

Russia Sheettings and Duck,

India Cotton,

A few boxes fine and coarse hats,

A great variety of Shoes,

Cotton and Wool Cards,

Best American Playing Cards,

Soap and Candles,

Coffee and fine Salt,

Red Seal Leather,

James River manufactured Tobacco,

Cordage, Paper, Glass, Alum,

Cheese, Cornish, Shad, and Herrings,

Hylon,

Hylon Shulan,

Souchong, and

Bohea

Refined Salt Petre,

Cordials in bottles,

Sweet Oil in boxes, Spermaceti, ditto.

Fresh Chocolate in boxes, &c. &c.

A lot about 50 hhds. Potomac TOBACCO.

Nov. 11. d

**William Hartshorne,**

At his Store, on col. Hooe's Wharf, has

for Sale,

Pennsylvania & Swedish barr

Iron,

Philadelphia lump and loaf Sugar by

the hhd. or barrel,

Brown Sugar of the first quality, by

the barrel or hhd.

Fine Salt, in sacks,

Coarse Salt by the bushel,

Old Corn, Tar,

Plaster of Paris, by the bushel,

James River Coal,

Tobacco, in kegs,

Hay in bundles, about 200 each,

A few Lots in good situations on Fairfax,

Wilks, Prince and Washington streets,

Sale or Rent.—Also for Sale, a three

story Brick-House, on King near Fairfax

street, a very good stand for business.

10th Mo. 11th, 1862.

**WILLIAM HODGSON.**

Has received by the Brutus, from Liver-

pool, an assortment of

FALL GOODS.

He has also on hand,

A choice parcel of Grenada Rum, Liver-

pool fine Salt, bottled London Brown

Stout, Porter in casks, 6 doz. each old,

Port Wine in bottles, a ton of Sheathing

Paper and a quantity of Grindstones.

Oct. 15. d

Just received, and for Sale by

ABEL WILLIS,

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

Rhode-Island CHEESE,

Apples,

Crab Cyder, by the barrel, of the first

quality,

Cranberries,

Sweet Oranges,

Lemons, by the box,

Best Rhode Island Potatoes,

Mackerel, by the barrel, together with

a general assortment of

GROCERIES and NUTS.

Nov. 16. d

**WM. HARTSHORNE**

Has for Sale,

The first quality of Lisbon and ground

Alum SALT.

Also, a few yards superfine Bolting

Cloth, and Mels. Beet, in half barrels, and

1 pair of BURR STONES.

N. B. He gives Cash for Wheat at his

Mill, or in town.

11th Mo. 13. d

**NOTICE.**

BATTALION COURTS OF EN-

quiry will be held at Mr. Gadsby's, on

Wednesday the 8th of December, at 10

o'clock, A. M. for the purpose of settling

Fines for non-attendance in the Mi-

litia.



### AMERICANS—Read and Profit.

"It is by federative associations," says MONTESQUIEU, "that Holland, Germany and the Swiss Leagues, are considered in Europe as eternal Republics." The position of MONTESQUIEU in each of the three instances has been destroyed by the tremendous experience of the French Revolution. Yet surely Switzerland had the least reason to expect, the certainly the least deserved, the hard fate that awaited her. What heart does not melt with pity at the contemplation of the unbroken series of wrongs and insults that have been accumulated upon the head of that devoted country? What arm is not nerved by indignation to break the fetters of the descendants of William Tell upon the heads of these modern Grissers? The conduct of Switzerland had been irreproachable from the commencement of the war! Openly menaced by some, instigated by others, she resisted every attempt to plunge her into the sin of war, and clung, with filial fondness, to that rigid and exact neutrality which she had received as a sacred inheritance from her forefathers. From this system, equally wise and humane, we are not wholly exempt from the charge of attempting to force her; but no act of hostility sullies our national character, and no murdered inhabitant of Switzerland cries aloud for vengeance against us at the bar of eternal justice. The guilt of these transactions belongs pre-eminently and indeed exclusively to France.

In the affection which Switzerland bore to the system of neutrality she almost forgot the feelings of a parent. Not an arm was raised to revenge her unfortunate sons murdered at Paris in the faithful discharge of their duties; she deplored their fate, but still persevered in those principles which the happy experience of three centuries had consecrated and confirmed. From this system France had derived the most solid benefits. Formerly, even in times of war with foreign powers, the French frontier on the side of Switzerland was left entirely unarmed, because the most confident reliance was placed upon the neutrality of the Cantons, and the known integrity and fidelity of their political principles. But in those new and more gigantic plans of warfare and conquest that distinguished the last war; plans which were to combine and connect the operations in Germany with those in Italy, to join as it were the Rhine to the Po, and the Mein to the Mediterranean; Switzerland was viewed as a military position, as a central point that would enable France to grasp Germany with her left, whilst she controlled Italy with her right. Often have we thought that the system of revolutionizing Switzerland was adopted, less with a view to the mere propagation of the principles of French liberty, than from the knowledge that, as long as Switzerland retained her old form of Government, she would not abandon her neutrality, and that in the anarchy consequent upon the dissolution of the old constitution, France might obtain an influence and a station that would enable her to carry her great military views into effect. In the early years of the revolution, in the height of the fury and frenzy of the revolutionary doctrines, the revolutionizing Switzerland never entered into the heads, at least it never was avowed by the ruling demagogues of France.

It is not a little extraordinary, that the Emperor, during the whole time these plans against Switzerland were carrying into execution, remained supine, inactive, and apparently indifferent to them. He knew that the peace of Leoben, and the treaty of Campo Formio, were not likely to be of long duration; and he might have suspected that the proceedings of the Congress at Rastadt were purposely drawn out to such a length, in order to afford time to the French to complete their designs upon Switzerland. Of this he seemed to be too late convinced in his final declaration to the Congress at Rastadt.

What a series of fraud and baseness, of crimes and cruelties followed in quick succession from the first impudent command to the Government of Berne to send away Mr. Wickham, to the insulting propositions of the Minister Mengaud, and the subsequent operations of Schauenbourg and Brune! With what a devotion and a patriotism, with what a courage and an obduracy, did the virtuous descendants of William Tell, whose forefathers had ruled in the seaboard, more than two centuries,

defend their rights, their native fields, their flocks and homes! Nor was the patriotic hand composed alone of the vigorous and the young. The old and the infirm eagerly availed themselves of the opportunity of offering up their grey hairs at the altar of freedom and their country, and even the female forgot the tears so natural and graceful to her sex, to die by the side of her parents, her husband, her children, or her lover. Oh sacred and sublime devotion! Oh savage warfare!—But the triumph of guilt was complete, and the heroic band was at length overpowered. All the dear recollections, all the monuments of national glory, that swell, expand, and invigorate the heart, were destroyed. The monument to Tell, and the little chapel erected to commemorate the victory of Morat, were destroyed; destroyed too, (to complete the misery of the scene) on the anniversary of the day on which the battle of Morat had been gained 322 years before.

But it was not the subversion of the oligarchy of Berne, it was not the conquest of the great Cantons, that could gratify the revolutionary or military views of France. The invasion of the little cantons presented the same scene of crime and of courage. The peasants quitted their cabins and their cattle to range themselves under the banners of their country—they fought with the courage of despair, and fell nobly resisting their oppressors. They died defending the frontiers of their territory, and resisting the violation of their household goods and their homes. Their affrighted flocks fled to the deserts; the glaciers resounded with the cries of orphans perishing with hunger, and the sources of the Rhine, the Rhone, and the Adda, bore the tears of disconsolate and despairing widows to the most distant seas.

We pass over the events, equally afflicting and disgusting, that completed the slavery of the Swiss, and gorged the military and revolutionary appetite of their oppressors. The conquest of the little cantons opened to the French the passage to St. Gothard and a new path to the Milanese enabled them to attack the Grisons on the south-west, and to make themselves masters of the valleys that opened to them the prospect of Italy and the Tyrol.

That the commission of crimes should ever be suffered to be profitable or advantageous to the authors of them, is one of those dispensations, the reasons for which, our finite understandings may be unable to develop, but which our humanity may be permitted to deplore. The possession of Switzerland gave the French a connection and a contact productive of the most decisive benefits to their military operations. Three armies acted with the promptitude and unity of one, and so admirably were they enabled to concert and conduct operations, that an attack could be made with certainty at the same hour in Germany and in Italy, on the Rhine and on the Po, on the Adige and the Danube. No sense of injustice no "compunctuous visitings," could prevail upon the French to suffer the Swiss to return to the former neutrality. The subversion of the Directorial, and the substitution of the Consular Government, brought little alleviation to their misery. To the humble treaty made by Switzerland, a reply was returned, that France could not permit her to resume her neutrality during the continuance of the war; in other words, she would permit her to be neutral when no other Power continued hostile.

The peace at length relieved Switzerland from the burden of a foreign force, and France has relinquished the possession of her territories—she has left a Desert where she found an Eden—she has left misery and confusion, where she found virtue and independence. The seeds of revolution and anarchy have been almost as productive in the soil of Helvetia as they have been in the parent soil of France. Constitutions and forms of Government have succeeded each other with a rapidity surpassed only by the sister republic, and the rage and rancour of civil warfare are now deforming those valleys, and disgracing those peasants, once so pure, and peaceful, and innocent.

That Bonaparte is a careless or inattentive spectator of these transactions will not easily be believed. He has dropt a hint to the Cantons, that should these scenes of disorder continue, the neighbouring powers may feel it necessary to interfere for their own security. Strange contradiction!—The very principle of interference which France condemned and combated in

the allied powers is now proclaimed by France herself!

It will undoubtedly be the policy of the French Government, in future wars with Austria to endeavor to make Switzerland the same military station which she did during the last war. A series of events, however, had prepared and paved the way for that policy which can scarcely be expected to occur again. France had sent her destroying fiend before her—her revolutionary principle,

Fierce as ten furies, terrible as hell,  
And shook a dreadful dart.—

She had also made use of the *interregnum* between the preliminaries of Leoben, and the renewal of the war with Austria, to overrun and lay waste the Cantons. But the fever and delirium of the revolutionary principle have abated, and Austria will scarcely imitate her former supineness and indifference to the fate of Switzerland.

It may be, that acquiring a stable form of Government, and forgetting their old animosities to the Grissers of Austria in their recent animosities to the Grissers of France the Swiss may throw themselves into the arms of the Cabinet of Vienna. The effect of such a step would be to oblige France to maintain in that part of Switzerland which joins her territories, and in those departments of France which are on the frontiers towards Switzerland, and which have no military posts, an army of forty thousand men.

Whether it would be a wise policy in Switzerland to form an intimate connection with Austria we shall not pretend to determine. That which would be desirable to the latter, would perhaps, be detrimental to the former; for the contingency of France affords her greater facilities of annoying the Cantons.

But this melancholy truth we derive from the contemplation of this unfortunate country. By a prudent and patient regimen the may heal the deep wounds that have been inflicted upon her; she may recover a part of her ancient prosperity, but she can hardly be sanguine enough to expect that in any future war she will be permitted to recur to that system of neutrality which constituted her former happiness and independence.

FROM THE NEW YORK EVENING POST.

*The Vice President.*—We presume that the subject which is this evening allowed to occupy the place usually allotted to the editorial remarks, will be read with a degree of interest not often excited. As introductory to the letters from the Morning Chronicle, and as being necessary to enable the reader rightly to understand and apply their contents, we now give certain passages from the American Citizen. In certain numbers of that paper of October 9, the editor pompously gave this formal "Notice."

"On Tuesday next we shall prove by testimony; first that Mr. Burr has attempted to deceive the republicans of the United States; and second, that his late letter to governor Bloomfield, is an audacious departure from truth."

*Dennison & Cheetham.*

Having had a sufficient number of the paper struck off in which these mild terms had been employed, as a kind of *milk for babes*, Cheetham arose at midnight, stopped his press, took out the paragraph, and substituted the following "Notice."

"On Tuesday next we shall prove by testimony; first, that Mr. Burr has been a TRAITOR to his party; and second, that his late letter to governor Bloomfield is a PROFLIGATE and AUDACIOUS departure from TRUTH."

*Dennison & Cheetham.*

And then the two different editions of the same day's paper were discreetly and cunningly distributed, according to circumstances. This daring attempt on the public was exposed at the time in the Evening Post and Cheetham suffered it to pass without the least reply.

On Tuesday, according to promise, they came out with their 8th letter, and with what they called their *testimony*, which letter has been published in all the democratic newspapers in the United States, south of New York. The Morning Chronicle alone, among what are called the republican papers, had the firmness to say that the *proofs* promised, had not been produced, and he met with a moderate share of scurrilous abuse from the alien editors of the Citizen and Aurora, for the decency of his behavior.

In the eighth letter so much vaunted of

and containing the whole strength of the *junto*, not even an approach has been made to produce what we Americans understand by testimony, though perhaps the Citizen may have been sincere, when he supposed *effort* was the synonyma of *testimony*, and the Aurora may very probably have thought so also; for the editors of these papers neither by education nor habit, have any idea of the distinction between truth and falsehood, virtue and vice, or know any thing of the decencies or civilities of life; it is therefore a little unreasonable and certainly quite useless to expect from them the least accuracy in the use of terms. Without further observations of this sort we now present our federal readers who have not seen their eighth letter, with the following extracts, from the Citizen, of October 12. They will perceive from what follows, why we select those applicable to Mr. Ogden.

"We then declare that the federal gentleman who negotiated with Mr. Burr, & who was authorized to do so by the leading federal members of Congress, then assembled at Washington, is DAVID A. OGDEN, Esq. counsellor at law. David A. Ogden, resides in this city."

"More than eight months ago we knew that Mr. Ogden was the negotiator; and it is now stated as an undeniable truth."

"On the 16th day of December, 11 days only after the South-Carolina news was received, Mr. David A. Ogden engaged a seat in the mail stage for Philadelphia. It is probable that previous to his going to Philadelphia, he conferred with Mr. Burr, on the subject of effecting his election to the presidency, by the efforts of the federal party, & that he went to Washington to consult with the leading federal members of congress on the scheme. It is believed that Mr. Ogden had no professional business to transact at Washington, and it is therefore difficult to conjecture what induced him, at that bleak season of the year, to visit the seat of government, unless to consult with the federal members of congress on the project to negotiate with Mr. Burr the terms of his election to the Presidency. We believe that Mr. Ogden went to Washington expressly for that purpose, and that he previously conferred with Mr. Burr on the design."

"We have stated that Mr. Ogden left this city in the mail stage for Philadelphia on the 27th day of December. The following certificate, which proves that Mr. Burr and himself rode together in the same mail, establishes the facts:

*New-York, Saturday, 27th Dec. 1800, one o'clock.*

MAIL STAGE.

Mr. Ogden, 1 seat to Philad. £. 3 0 0  
Col. Burr, 2 seats to Princeton, 3 15 0  
I certify that the above is a true copy from the stage books.

MATTHIAS C. LYON."

"Mr. Burr and Mr. Ogden might have ridden together in the mail without concert; whether they did so or not every reader will judge for himself. To us this simple act speaks a pertinent and eloquent language; it indicates much."

"Mr. Ogden did not remain long at Washington. While there he was authorized by the leaders of the federal party to negotiate with Mr. Burr concerning the terms on which that party proposed to elect him President of the United States. Thus commissioned, Mr. Ogden returned to this city early in January, 1801, had an interview with Burr, and submitted to him propositions which shall bye and bye be explained. To these propositions Mr. Burr assented."

"That opposition to Mr. Jefferson in the house, which alarmed the country and brought it to the brink of civil war, was founded on the negotiation concluded between Mr. Burr and Mr. Ogden."

After proceeding to state some particulars, he thus concludes, "How then stands the account? First, that Mr. Burr negotiated, as stated in the 'view of his political conduct,' with a federal gentleman to effect his election to the Presidency.—Second, that Mr. David A. Ogden of this city, was the negotiator."

"Third, Mr. Ogden went from this city to Washington to consult with the leaders of the federal party, at the seat of government, on the 27th of December, 1800. Mr. Burr and himself rode together in the mail. Mr. Ogden was authorized at Washington to negotiate with Mr. Burr the terms on which the federal party proposed to elect him to the Presidency. Mr. Ogden returned with great expedition. About the 15th of January 1801,

Mr. Ogden with Mr. Burr. Fourth, the first intention fully assented to. Such is such the age; and hap that it is at After the Cheetham, far down a was a very Dennison ways coup it weigh together! "Thir How lik By boys Ty'd thi

After a jeft, playf a monkey, off his squi and all his greatest bu to print a of the facts and he was under the dicted his insolently again and applied to had refuse falsehood of self, altho had not fee was set up Mr. Ogden market for with the with a bro This was a now, when has a litt taken a ve let the pub well-writ the reply, morning C subjoi, w

In this we have ta further tha and a dete malicious all the bet When will arrive at ceives som small indec legs, and fu suffer their subscription

\* See A last.

NEW Schoone St. Johns, the brig In bound to captain, a Left there bound to bound to Schoone from St. C spoke ship 22 days fr to London the brig who had a St. Croix beef 14, pound, how low.

Schoone from Wall from the C Farmers—Part Mor captain w ship under Havanah distant; f At the fa with her m going; th hull suppo she had ap making f Extr

King/da Mohawk, Katy, T darty, W rived, sh report; H mington. Charleston



Mr. Ogden completed the negotiation with Mr. Burr.

"Fourth. It appears that Mr. Burr, on the first interview with Mr. Ogden entered fully and cordially into his views, and assented to his propositions."

"Such is the state of this deep-laid plot, such the agents who have been active in it; and happy indeed is it for the country that it is at length brought to light."

After the appearance of this letter, Cheatham, "Of his own importance full," sat down and took a pinch of snuff. He was a very great man! and so was "cousin Dennison," his partner, whose name is always coupled with his in the paper, to give it weight! and a pretty concert they make together!

"Thrice happy union to entrance the soul! How like the notes of cats, a vocal pair, By boys (to catch their wild & mingled air) Thy'd tail to tail, and thrown across a pair!"

After a little rest, he resumed the subject, playfully; he was as mischievous as a monkey, and for a week together let off his squibs and crackers at Mr. Burr and all his particular friends with the greatest success. One gentleman got him to print a denial, under his own hand, of the facts in which he was implicated, and he was turned into ridicule; a second, under the solemnity of an oath, contradicted his statements, and his oath was insolently sneered at. It was repeated again and again, that Colonel Burr had applied to Mr. Ogden, and Mr. Ogden had refused to give a certificate of the falsehood of the statement respecting himself, although at that time Colonel Burr had not seen Mr. Ogden. A broad laugh was set up respecting this application to Mr. Ogden, and the Clintonians went to market for a week together and chaffered with the butchers and huckster women with a broad grin of delight on their faces. This was all suffered quietly to pass; but now, when the flush of imaginary victory has a little subsided, doctor Irving has taken a very proper and correct step to set the public right in this particular. His well-written letter to Mr. Ogden and the reply, which have appeared in the morning Chronicle of this day \* we here subjoin, without comment.

In this controversy we take no part, we have taken none nor do we mean to, further than a love of truth and fairness; and a detestation of all that is base and malicious may compel us, in common with all the better part of the community. When will the character of the Citizen arrive at its proper standing? It yet receives something of a support in this city, small indeed, but enough to keep it on its legs, and some decent people, it is said, suffer their names still to remain on the subscription list.

\* See Alexandria Advertiser of Tuesday last.

NEW-YORK, November 27.

Schooner Sally, Thomas, 12 days from St. Johns, N. S. Left in Tarpaulin Cove the brig Industry, 32 days from Demerara, bound to Stonington. She had lost her captain, and the mate supplied his place. Left there, also a brig from Surinam bound to Norwich, and several others bound to the westward.

Schooner Daphne, Norton, 22 days from St. Croix. In lat. 31, long. 70, 41, spoke ship John and Isabella, Dixon, out 22 days from the Bay of Honduras, bound to London. Left there only one vessel, the brig Lovely-Lass, of Philadelphia, who had a passage of 21 days. Flour at St. Croix 7½ dollars per barrel, pork 18, beef 14, Indian meal 3, butter 3 bits a pound, hogs lard 2½. American produce low.

Schooner Red Bird, Walker, 12 days from Washington, N. C. Five leagues from the Capes of Virginia spoke schooner Farmers Daughter, out 22 days from Port Morant, bound to Marblehead, the captain who informed that he saw a large ship under jymasts standing in for the Havannah, being then about 2 leagues distant; supposed her to be an English ship. At the same time saw a brig to leeward with her maintopmast gone and both pumps going; she had black sides, and by her hull supposed she was an eastern built brig; she had apparently sprung a leak, and was making for the Havanna.

Extracts from Jamaica Papers.

Kingston, Oct. 25. Arrived schooner Mohawk, Quails, Norfolk. Sailed, ship Kary, Thomson, New York; Little Jarry, Wells, Newbern. Oct. 27, Arrived, ship Orlando, Titcomb, Newburyport; brig Charlotte, Saunders, Wilmington. Oct. 28, Arrived, brig Chance, Charleston. Sailed ship Hopewell, Cor-

lith, New York. Nov. 1, Arrived, schooner Galatea, Paine, Charleston; brigs Hiram, Edmonston, do. Ann & Debby, Quinton, Boston; Norfolk, Joseph, Charleston; Catharine, Thomas, Beaufort; schooner Sally Sears, Newbern; sloop Ruby, Norfolk.

Montego Bay, Oct. 23, Sailed, ship Polly, Stout, Wilmington, N. C.

The English ship Liverpool, Johnson, from St. Johns, N. B. bound to Jamaica, lately foundered under full sail, off Cape Raphael, St. Domingo. The only person saved was an American free negro, William Coks, who preserved himself on one of the hatches, and was four days at sea before he reached land.

November 20.

Entered brig Joseph, Tucker, St. Pierres Mart. Adventure, Chapman, Antigua; English brig Glory, Gilbert, Bermuda; schrs. Columbus, Torrance, Newbern, N. C. Lucy, Ann, Richardson, Norfolk; Minerva, Stanton, Saybrook; Concord, Miffler, Richmond; Peggy, Brinard, Turks Island; Lydia, Rhodes, Washington, N. C. Mercury, Bragden, Martinico; Dispatch, Jones, Curacao; Sisters, Boret, Frederickburg; sloop Harriott, Lines, Falmouth, Jam. Sufannah, Ryan, St. Martins; Welcome Return, Travis, Frederickburg; Morning Star, Jarvis, Virginia; Lucy, Ponce, Jamaica.

Cleared ships Cato, Jamefon; Sophia, Wood, St. Sebastians and Bourdeaux; Chesterfield, Brame, Naples; brigs Rosanna, Coffin, St. Michaels and a market; Hope, Smith, Nantz.

Put back to this port, the brig Discovery, having sprung a leak, after being out 24 hours.

Arrived since our last.

Brig Joseph, Tucker, from St. Pierres, (Mart.) Nov. 8th spoke brig Susan, from Martinique, for this port, out 46 days. Left there on 29th October brig Amphion, of Portland, to sail in a week; schr. St. Domingo packet, of Baltimore, waiting for cargo; schr. Abbe, Thuller, of Charleston just arrived; ship Sally of Boston to sail in a fortnight; brig Peggy, of New York; brig Ranger of Portland; schooner Only Daughter of New York; schr. President, of Portland; and brig Miller of Baltimore.

Brig Adventure, Chapman fr. Antigua. Prices current of provisions, pork from 24 to 28 dolls. beef 20 dolls. in demand, flour from 8 to 9 dolls.

Schr. Union, Ruffel, from St. Kitts. In lat. 35, 16, long. 73, spoke brig Fitzwilliam, Walker, out 54 days from Kingston (Jam.) bound to Newburyport. Left there 2 or 3 southern vessels, names not recollected. Price of provisions—Flour 8 dolls. Pork from 20 to 22 dolls. Beef from 16 to 17 dolls.

PHILADELPHIA, November 30.

By the last London papers it appears, that citizen Otto is not to come out minister to this country, having been appointed in that capacity to the court of Lisbon.

Yesterday arrived the brig Joseph and James, capt. Watson, from Port Republic, which he left the second inst.—Capt. Watson mentions that it was not so tickly as it has been, but notwithstanding which, the fever still makes ravages among the European soldiers.

Capt. W. says, that he understood the French were preparing to evacuate Saint Marks, Gonaives and Leogane—That the blacks were in possession of L'Archaye, from whence they fired on the brig Joseph and James as she passed that place, but without effect.

The force at Port Republic does not amount to more than 3000 troops and 2000 white inhabitants, a force too inadequate to make any great impression on the large body of negroes in arms in that neighborhood, between whom frequent skirmishes take place, which has little other effect, than the reduction of both parties.

At St Mark's, the French growing jealous of the black troops in their pay, drew up 600 of them and surrounded them, with an intention of disarming them, but the negroes refused to deliver up their arms, and fired on the surrounding troops, which they returned, and every negro was massacred on the spot!

Cruelty seemed to be the order of the day at Hispaniola. A few days before captain W. sailed, a brigand boat was taken and brought in, all the brigands except two were killed. One of those brought in said, that they had some little time before, taken a schooner full of white women, all of whom they put to death,

and that his comrade, who then lay wounded near him, had with the worm fixed on his ramrod, twisted out the eyes of several of the white women while alive.

On coming thro' the Bite of Leogane, he saw a great number of dead negroes and some few whites floating in the sea and he was told that a schooner weekly and perhaps oftener at P. Republic took 100 or 150 negroes on board, carried them out of the port, and on the first or second night killed them, burning brimstone in the hold, and then threw the bodies overboard. We have been told something of the same kind was supposed to be practised at the Cape. A brig there frequently took a number of blacks on board, went to sea and in a few days returned empty, what became of them, our informant did not pretend to say.

Captain W. says it was reported that Christophe and Dessalines, with a large portion of the blacks who were in the service of the French revolted, but this, with any account he could get from Cape Nicholas were so vague and they were scarce worth repeating; every account however seems to predict the total evacuation of that Island, by the French, without a considerable reinforcement, which from any thing we have seen, seems rather at a distance.

Captain W. saw seven sail of the line, apparently for Jamaica.

Arrived brig Joseph & James, Watson, Port Republic.

Cleared, ships Philadelphia, Raser, Antwerp; Margaret, Brown, Liverpool; Snow William, Quandrille, Madeira; Brig Friendship, Deane, Cayenne; schrs. Messenger, Burroughs, St. Thomas; Hannah, Phippen, Salem; Fame, Barker, Boston; sloop Hiland, Hand, Alexandria.

Capt. Watson left at Port Republic, brigs two Sisters, Watson, and Lovely Lucy, Brewer, of and for Philadelphia, the latter to sail in 10 or 12 days.

Also, brig —, Grafton, of Baltimore.

The brig Friendship, O'Connor, sailed 10 days and schr. Edward & Edmund, Veacock, 1 day before the Joseph & James both for Philadelphia.

### Alexandria Advertiser.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 3.

#### COMMERCIAL.

At Liverpool, Sept. 28, beef was in demand, tar 26s. staves in demand.

Americans are only allowed to carry flour, fish, and lumber, to Martinique, Are obliged to receive produce in part pay. The duties are 2½ on imports, 5 on exports. American vessels are only allowed to lay 2 hours off a harbor without coming in.

Capt. Brown from Surinam, states, that there was no beef or pork at market or in store; that flour was from 10 to 11 dolls. but there was no sale for other American produce.

By the existing laws of the colony of Guadeloupe, the duties on articles permitted to be imported, are as follow:

Beef, 6 livres tournois (111 cents) pr. 102 lb. Pork, the same duty, Codfish, do. in addition to the general duty of 2 per cent.

Flour, Lumber, Cattle, Rice, and all other articles permitted, pay a general duty of 2 per cent. ad valorem.

Duties of Sugars, Coffee and Cotton, 11 per cent. ad valorem, on Molasses and Rum, 5½ pr. cent.

No foreign vessels are permitted to take off more produce than is equal to the amount of their inward cargo.

We are told, that some short time ago, information being given to the commandant at Hispaniola, that a sch'r was supplying the blacks with military stores, &c. a French frigate was dispatched to seize her, when a chase of 15 days took place, and the sch'r got into St. Thomas, before the frigate, where the captain ran under the protection of the fort and 2 Danish frigates, laying there. The Frenchman followed, and immediately sent his barge with a body of marines, and took possession of the schooner, notwithstanding her being in a foreign port, under the protection of its guns. The captain of the schooner having pushed on shore as soon as he came to anchor, the French captain demanded him of the Governor. The Governor replied, he could not deliver up a burgher, which the captain of the sch'r was; what farther took place our informant did not learn. [True Am.]

### SHAM PATRIOTS.

An editorial article in the *Courier of New Hampshire* (a paper published at Concord, and conducted with energy and ability) gives a description of various kinds of patriots. The following is particularly just:—

"There is a kind of Patriots, that arise in moments of national prosperity; who, enjoying the benignity of a free government, direct all their rage to shake its foundations, or raise themselves to its guidance; who

"Put on the thick wove garment of pretension,

"And, in the close disguises of that mask,

"Filch confidence from unsuspecting men."

### PORT OF ALEXANDRIA.

ARRIVED

Ship Betsey, Fessett,	Bristol
Brig Franklin, Butts,	Barbados
Tyrone, Windsor,	do.
Schooner Fame Tucker,	Norfolk
Washington,	Boston

CLEARED.

Brig Industry, M'Kenzie,	Barbados
Schooner Victory, Silvester,	Bermuda
Nancy, Chase,	Cayene
Two Brothers, Luckett,	West Indies
Sparrow, Coleman,	Charleston

### Public Sale.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon, will be sold on Merchants' wharf,

60 Barrels prime Beef,  
20 do. do. Pork,  
at a credit of 60 and 90 days.

PHILIP G. MARSTELLER.  
Dec. 3.

### Public Vendue.

By virtue of a Deed of Trust to the Subscribers, will be sold, on the 24th day of this present month, at 3 o'clock, P. M. on the Premises,

The frame HOUSE situated on King street near the corner of Columbus street, at present occupied by John and Samuel Leard, subject to a ground rent of £. 20 per annum. Terms of payment Cash.

JOHN & THOS. VOWELL.  
Dec. 3. d21t

### Freight wanted,

For the complete, staunch, fast-sailing SHIP  
BETSEY,

JOHN FOSSETT, Master. Burthen 210 tons; she will be discharged and ready in three days to receive a cargo, which would be preferred in flour or grain, to any port in Europe, without the straits. Apply to

JOHN G. LADD.  
Dec. 3. d

For SALE, by  
WILLIAM I. HALL,

on Merchants' Wharf, London particular Madeira (Bill) Wine, in pipes, hhds. and quarter casks, Boston Beef, of excellent quality, in barrels,

Ditto, fresh — do. Tongues and Sounds, in kegs, Mould and dipt Candles, in small boxes, N. England Rum, in blbs. Cadiz and Turk's Island Salt.

Dec. 3. d3c03t

For SALE, by  
JOHN M'KINNEY,

10 Ton first quality RUSSIA HEMP.

Dec. 3. e05t

Twenty Dollars Reward.

Lost, somewhere in the streets of Alexandria, by a waggoner, a parcel of BANK NOTES, wrapped up in a small piece of white Paper, the amount and description of the Notes cannot be accurately mentioned. There was one Note of the United States Bank, for 100 dollars, and it is believed two 10 dollar Notes & one of 5. Whoever may have found the said Notes and will deliver them to the Printer, shall have the above Reward.

Dec. 3. d31t

COAL FOR SALE.

James River Coal for sale at Adams's Wharf, apply to John Dunlap, or

Nov. 23. SAMUEL CRAIG.  
law



Just received from LISBON, and for

THOMAS SIMMS,

A few boxes of PORTUGAL ONIONS, of the most extraordinary size and kind that has been seen here. People may be supplied with them by the box, or by the dozen for seed. This being a fine time for setting them, it is an object to procure them immediately.

He has also for Sale, at his store, English Cheese, Cranberries, Best Codfish in boxes, Excellent Firkin Butter, for shipping or family use.

Also to Rent, That large and commodious FRAME-HOUSE,

In Queen Street, next to Mr. Andrew Fleming's, very convenient for a private family; and also, the House and Bakehouse opposite to the same. Possession may be had immediately.

Likewise, a new HOUSE, in Cameron Street close to the Market-house, and a convenient House for a small family. Possession may be had early in next month.

Nov. 25.

WILLIAM OXLEY,

Has imported in the CATHERINE, BRUTUS and FELICITY from Liverpool, and INDUSTRY from London, a large and general Assortment of

FALL GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

Superfine, refined and all qualities and colours 6 qrs. & 7 qrs. Cloths, Plaines, Cassimeres, Kerseys, Coatings, Friezes, Kendal Cottons, Half Thicks, white Serges, spotted Swanfkins, Welsh Plains Swanfdowns, Toilets, Rose Blankets, striped Blanketing, Bearskins, Fearnaght, Woolen, Worsted, Cotton & silk Hosiery; Scarlet Cloaks; Calicoes, Muslins & Mullin Handkerchiefs; fancy Cords, Fustians, Jeans, Dimities, Bed Ticking, Durants, Calimancoes, Wildbores, Bombazetts, Bombazeens, Camblers, Laces & Edgings; Silk Handkerchiefs, fashionable Staw & Chip Hats, Gimps, white and coloured Threads, &c. &c.

ALSO,

An Assortment of Hardware and Cutlery.

Nov. 2.

BEEF.

A few barrels of good BEEF (lately asked) just received and for sale by BENJAMIN SHREVE, jun.

October 14.

Lands in Kentucky.

To be sold by Public Sale at the Tontine Coffee-Room, New York, on the 2d day of December next, at 12 o'clock, noon.

Eleven thousand acres of land in one or more lots; lying in the county of Fayette, State of Kentucky about 30 miles from Lexington and Frankfort, 20 miles south east of the Ohio River and adjacent to the public road between the two Maima Rivers and several rising settlements. The soil generally good, well watered and timber of various descriptions.

These lands within 15 miles of Main Lecking and Kentucky rivers, both navigable two to three hundred miles above the extremity of the lands.

Also,

To be sold at the same time and place as the above, another TRACT of LAND of nine thousand acres, in one or more lots, in the county of Fayette, State of Kentucky, nearly the same distance from Lexington, Frankfort and the Ohio Rivers, as the foregoing tract, and lays between the former and Main Lecking river, distant from the latter only a few miles.

The soil is in general good, well watered and timber of different kinds, and as the former tract, in the neighborhood of the settled parts of Kentucky, and opposite a Jersey settlement. The grants by Edmund Randolph, Esq. in 1787 and 1788, and the title deeds are clear and indisputable.

As these lands are to be disposed of for behalf of creditors, they will be positively sold to the highest bidder, for approved notes at two and three months.

Capt. Fowler or Mr. James Maisterfon of Lexington; Mr. George Brook, Clerk of Woodford county; or major John Lee near Frankfort will point out the lands. For further information and an accurate plan of the lands, apply to John & Charles Wilkes Esqrs. or Lewis Simond Esq. New York, or to Mr. Brown, Dumfries, Virginia.

October 1.

Cash given for rags.

The subscribers authorized by the Will of the late George Carret, of Stafford County, will sell at Public Auction on the first Monday of December next, in the town of Leesburg, his

TRACT OF LAND,

Lying on both sides of Goose Creek, in this County, and running from thence to the laid town; containing about five thousand acres, most of which has been laid off in lots, and since leased for lives or a term of years; from the peculiarly eligible situation of this land, and its great fitness for the improving state of agriculture that is taking place in this neighborhood, it is hoped that it will be an object worth the attention of those who wish to vest their money in landed property; one third of the purchase money will be required on the day of sale, the remaining two thirds to be paid by two annual installments; six per cents of the Stock of the U. States will be taken in payment for one half of the two delayed installments, at its current value, in the principal commercial towns, or bonds with good personal security and mortgages will be required to secure the payments.

Mr. John Mathias, living in Leesburg, and surveyor of this County, has a plat of the land and will survey or show any part of it to those who wish it, they paying his expenses for so doing.

LONDON CARTER, Junr.

THOMAS L. LEE.

London County, August 20.

Potomac Brewery.

BILLINGTON & CRUSE,

Have commenced Brewing, and have now ready for Sale,

Table Beer, at 4 dols. per barrel, Draught Beer 6 do. do.

And in a few days will have fine pale Ale for private families, at 7 dollars per barrel, and a ready supply through the season.

Yeast every day.

N. B. Grains for sale on Tuesdays and Fridays.

We want to purchase a good DRAY HORSE.

Nov. 16.

Just Received,

And for sale by the Subscriber, at his store corner of Prince and Union streets,

15 Pipes Madeira Wine,

10 do. 4th proof Brandy,

5 do. New England Rum,

2 do. Holland Gin,

3 Quarter casks Catalana red Wine,

3 Kegs. Anniseed Cordial,

14 Boxes Gipsy Candles,

Sugar in hhds. and barrels,

Coffee and Pepper in bags,

Hyunkin and Souchong Tea,

Jamsia Rum and Malaga Wine,

Raisins in kegs and boxes,

Leiper's Snuff in half barrels and kegs,

Men's coarse and fine shoes,

Women's Morocco and fancy kid do.

And eight Bales of INDIA GOODS, consisting of Mamoodies, Emerties, Guzzinahs, Mohanas, Gungies, Checks and Calicoes, and a few pieces China and Lunge Handkerchiefs, and Ravens Duck. A large quantity of RED SOAP-LEATHER, and a few barrels Tanner's best brown OIL.

BENJ. SHREVE, jun.

Oa. 21.

FOR SALE,

On Wednesday the 15th day of December next, if fair, if not the next fair day, at Leesburg, in Fairfax County two miles from the town of Centerville,

SOME

Valuable Negroes,

To discharge the debts due from the estate of George R. L. Turberville, deceased, that are at this time made known to the Administrator. Six months credit will be allowed the purchasers on their giving bond with approved security, or three per cent will be allowed to those purchasers who choose to pay ready money.

GARVIN CORBIN TURBERVILLE,

Administrator.

Nov. 16.

COTTON & STEWART

Have just received a large and general assortment of

BOOKS

In the different branches of Literature.

Also,

ALMANACS

For 1803.

With a general assortment of Dr. Church's Patent Medicines, which they offer wholesale or retail to the public at very reduced prices.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER intending shortly to embark for Europe, hereby gives Notice, that he has appointed Anthony Crafe and John M'Iver his Attornies, and that they are duly authorized to transact his business in his absence.

RICHARD VEITCH.

Nov. 12.

12W

ADVERTISEMENT.

MY Son HENRY MOORE & myself had agreed, before he left this, that I should keep up the BROKER'S BUSINESS he had been engaged in, during his residence in Kentucky, and be particularly attentive to LAND TRANSACTIONS, which might produce me some profit here, and be of service to him there. As he has made a settlement in that country, I take this method of informing the public, that I will undertake to buy and sell LANDS, and negotiate in any other way for them, and that I will also attend to any other business commonly done in the Line of a Broker.

I am empowered to sell several valuable Lots in different parts of the Town of Alexandria; some well situated for business; one adjoining the Bank, 24 feet front on the north side of Cameron street, and 123 feet five inches deep. This Lot will either be sold for Cash or exchanged for Lands adjoining the town.

CLEON MOORE.

Nov. 26.

cof

Ladies fancy SHOES.

S. CLARK respectfully informs the Ladies of Alexandria, that he has just received a beautiful variety of

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

KID SLIPPERS,

Ladies' and Misses' black Morocco, and a general Assortment of Misses' and children's leather and Morocco Shoes, Pumps and Slippers, which he offers for Sale, at his Store near the corner of King & Royal Streets, adjoining Peter Sheron's Store and directly opposite the Eagle Tavern.

Also, for Cash or barter for Flour, at said Store.

30 barrels No. 1, Cargo Beef, of superior quality, Boston packed, 30 half bbls. excellent mutton do. for family use, do.

20 bbls. best Bay Mackerel,

20 boxes handsome mould Candles, and a number of very neat Trunks, on reasonable terms.

Nov. 29.

co3t

A Wharf, Warehouses & Dwelling Houses.

TO RENT,

For one or a term of years, that Wharf with all the Warehouses thereon, situated on the corner of Princess and Union Streets, now in the occupation of Mr. Kenneth Mathison, of which possession may be had the first day of January next.

That two story brick Dwelling House situated opposite the above property, to which there is a pretty large garden, possession of which may be had the first day of next month.

Also, that two story framed Dwelling House, near the corner of Princess and Water Streets, lately occupied by Mr. John M'Iver—of this, immediate possession may be had.

HEPBURN & DUNDAS,

Who want to purchase or hire two or three good plantation NEGROES.

Nov. 16.

co12t

FOR SALE,

THE LOT with the HOUSE thereon, at the South-east corner of Cameron and Alfred Streets, late the Property of Thomas Richards. Also, several vacant LOTS adjoining thereto on Alfred Street, between Cameron and King Streets. The House is pleasantly situated and in good order for the Accommodation of a Family. If not sold before the 1st of November, it will then be rented.

WILLIAM CRAIK.

Sept. 30.

22W

The Subscriber has received, 12,000lb. Green Coffee, entitled to drawback, and 18 bales of Cotton, which he will sell low.

He has also for Sale,

Molasses of the first quality, and A few hhds. of Sugar.

ROBERT YOUNG.

October 13.

co

CARVING, GILDING, and VARNISHING.

Mrs. RACHEL ATKINS,

(From Philadelphia)

In Prince-Street, between Fairfax and Water Streets, next door to Dr. Dick's in the house lately occupied by GROVE WRIGHT.

Respectfully informs the citizens of Alexandria that she intends residing here or a few months, and will be happy in executing any orders in the above branches of business. She regilds and varnishes old frames to as to make them appear like new—and likewise varnishes them with particular kind of varnish that will bear washing.

She has on hand,

A large and elegant assortment of Prints, Looking-Glasses, & GIRANDOLES.

of every description, which will be sold on the lowest terms for cash.

Orders from a distance will be punctually attended.

Nov. 15.

co

NOTICE.

In pursuance of a Decree of the Circuit Court of the District of Columbia, for Alexandria County, will be exposed to sale for cash, on Saturday the 4th day of December next.

A Lot of Ground on the west side of Fairfax Street, and to the south of Franklin Street adjoining a Lot of Joshua Riddle on the South. This lot is twenty one feet in front, in depth, seventy three feet, and is subject to a ground rent of seventeen dollars and an half per annum.

Also, another Lot of Ground beginning on Fairfax Street 259 feet 10 inches south from Franklin Street, extending in front on Fairfax Street twenty feet, in depth 123 feet 5 inches; on the Lot is a small well finished DWELLING HOUSE. This Lot is subject to an annual rent of five shillings.

THOS. IRWIN, JOHN DUNLAP, } Comm'rs. PETER WISE, }

November 2.

co13t

JOSIAH FAXON, & Co.

Very respectfully inform their friends and customers that they have received from Boston and New York, their fall assortment of

LADIES & GENTLEMEN'S

Fashionable Shoes, & Slippers.

Mens large-coarse Shoes, Boys, Misses and Childrens Shoes, of almost every description.

They have also the following goods on hand, VIZ:

4 Pipes first proof Geneva, 50 Barrels New-England Rum, 30 Do. Mackerel, 10 Do. Salmon, 10 Boxes Mould Candles, 20 Do. Dipt do. 3 Casks Claret Wine, 40 Barrels Boston Beef, 60 Kegs James River manufactured Tobacco, 1 Box gentlemen's fine hats, 1 Hhd. Aum, 1 Box half pint Tumblers, 7 M feet N. England Boards, 200 Bushels James River Coal, suitable for Smith's work, Coarse and fine Salt, Nova-Scotia Grindstones, A few barrels of Apples, Rhode-Island Limes, &c. &c.

Nov. 26.

co4W

Notice is hereby given, That at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, on Monday the 6th day of December next, at the Court House of the town of Alexandria, agreeably to notification of the Supervisor of the District of Virginia will be disposed of at Public Sale,

SO MUCH OF THE

Lands, Lots, and Houses,

In the town of Alexandria for which no tax has been received as will satisfy the direct tax of the United States assessed and due thereon with costs, unless discharged previous to said time, for which purpose apply to Mr. Lewis Summers, or

CHARLES PAGE.

Nov. 23.

12W3t

WM. GROVERMAN,

Offers his services to the public as a Broker & in the Commission line. Notes and Checks discounted. Punctuality and secrecy may be relied on.

Nov. 25.

221Wm

PRINTED DAILY BY

S. SNOWDEN.